HEAD QUARTERS OF THE ARMY,

The New York Herald—daily newspaper—published every day of the year except New Yoar's day and fourth of July. Frice 2 cents per copy—or \$7.26 per anum—postages paid—cash in advance.

THE WEERLY HERALD—published every Saturday agraing—price 6; cents per copy, or \$3.12 per annum—Natages paid, cash in sivence.

ADVERTIBERS are informed that the circulation of he Herald is over THIRTY THOUSAND, and increasing ast. It has the largest circulation of any paper in this city, in the couried, and is, therefore, the best channel for businesses in the city or caustry. Prices moderate—cash in advance.

BACE.

FRINTING of all kinds executed at the most moder rice, and in the most elegant style.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,

PROFRIETOR OF THE HEALD ESTABLISHMENT,

Northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets

REGUILAR OPPOSITION.

EVENING LINE AT SEVEN OCLK
FOR ALBANY, without Landing.—Cabin
FORTBMOUTH, Captain O. Heuse, will
save the Fice at the floot of Cedir atreet.

Regular days from New York, Monday, Wednesday and
riday. From Albany Tready, Thursday and Studay.—
This boot has been lengthened and fitted up in a next and comoutable style, with new bedding and fundame throughout.—
This boot has been lengthened and fitted up in a next and comoutable style, with new bedding and fundame throughout.—
The has a number of elegant that floored, and can accommo
ate from 30 to 300 passengers. Having a light draught of war, she will not be detained on any of the bars

r, she will not be detained on any of the bars.

Passengers taking this boat will arrive in Albany in ample
me to take the morning train of ears eard or weat.

For freight or passages apply on board.

FERRY.

FOOT OF WHITEHALL.

The Boam will use as follows not if further socioes—

6, 9, 10, 11, 4 M., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, P. M.,

LEAVE STATEN ISLAND;

On Sudays, every hour, from \$ A M. to 7 F. M.—12 M. expected.

pied. FORT HAMILTON AND NEW YORK
Leave New York 6 A. M., 34, P. M.
Fort Hamilton 75, A. M., 44, P. M., 2
(Sindays excepted.)
CLIF-10N AN.) NEW YORK
Leaves New York 6 A. M., 2 and 24, P. M.,
Clifton 75, A. M. 35, and 45, P. M.,
120 rs.

MAY 19th, 1444.

FOR BATH, GARDINER AND HALLOWELL.

The new steamer PENOBSCOT, Captain
N. Kimball, leaves the end of T what Boaton,
every Tassage and Friday evenings, at 7
stock. Stages will be in read-ness on her arrival at the above
nees to convey passengers to the meighboring towns.

figure 6 o'clock, and every visualized by the board this project in the a termoon.

All hawage, bank bills, buddles or parcels put on board this bayage, bank bills, bank among the owners thereof, unless

Year ou the lest, and Havre on the 15th of each mouth, as follows, viz:

From New York.

New Ship ONEIDA, Lest March. (16th April.)

Language Funck. (18th March. (16th April.)

James Funck. (18th July.)

James Funck. (18th November. (16th December. (16th May.)

Language Lest May. (18th May.)

Edward Funck. (18th May.)

Edward Funck. (18th May.)

Ship UTICA, (18th May.)

Froderick Hawitt. (18th January.)

Froderick Hawitt. (18th January.)

Froderick Hawitt. (18th January.)

Froderick Hawitt. (18th June.)

Language (18th November.)

The accommoditions of these ships are not surpassed, combining all that my be required for comfort. The price of cast in passage is \$100. Tassengers will be supplied with every requisite with the exception of wines and liquors.

Goods intended for these vessels will be forwarded by the subscribers, free from any other than the expenses actually incurred on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or passage, apply to served on them. For freight or was and the served on them. For freight or was and the served on them. For freight or was and the served on the se

POR LIVE INFOOL—The New Line—Regular Process of the Committee of the Pecket 21st July—The spiennid New York built of the Spient 21st July—The spiennid New York built of the Spient 21st July—The spiennid New York built of the Spient 21st July—The Spient 21st Jul WOODHULL & MINTURNS, 87 South st.

21st August
FOR LONDON—Packet of the 20th July—The splendid, fast sailing packet ship HENDRICK at UDSON, Capt George Moore, will sail punctually. This superior packet have sever fine accommodations for cahin, second choin and sterage pastengers, who will be taken at very reasonable rates, it estity application be made on board, or 76 B uth street, corner Maiden Lane. Persons wishing to send for their friends to come out in this shit or any of the line, or who are about to remit money, can make favorable arrangements by applying as above.

Ship BALTIMORE, Edw Fink, Master, will sail to the lat of August. For freight or pagage, apply BOYD & HINCKEN.

12ce No 9 Tout, as Budding, cor Wall and Water sta.

IREE No 9 Toutone Reading our Wall and Water str.

IMPERIAL HOTEL,
Opposite the New Assize Courts and Railway tion, corner of
ST. JOHN'S LANE AND ROE STREET,
LIVERPOOL.

James MORGAN, Proprietor of the above new and commotivens, establishment, respectfully informs his friends and the nuble that it is now open for the reception of Private Families and 6-ntlenge.

With he Hotel is combined and elegant and extensive Coffee Room, News Room, and several private Satting Rooms, fitted up in a style suitable for the reception of Families and Visit crass, of for the accommodation of parties requiring early breakfasts, lunchcoms, dinners, &c.

The Sleeping degratment will be under the personal superin-

asts, tuncheous, dinners, &c.

The Sleeping department will be under the personal superinendance of Mrs. Morgae, and visitors may vely with coinendance of Mrs. Morgae, and visitors may vely with coinendance have been carefully addied.

The to-inary and Ceilar de, artments will embrace the choent Virinds, Wines. &c., which can be obtained, and J. M.
mass that his own exertions, aided by the assistance of expeended waters, may seems the approbation of travellers geneender and the same time the scale of charges will be strictly molerate.

LARD OIL-100 bbls No. 1 a very superior article, For sale in lots to suit purchasers by L. K. COLLINS & CO.,

Washington.
[Correspondence of the New York Herald] Washington, Saturday, July 13, 1844. Bets Settled or Withdrawn-"Sober Second Thought" recommended to Col. Palmer-Mem-bers of Congress-Felix G. M'Connell-Specifications Against 1 im-Confession of the General, and Sentence-Apology of the Court for its Proceedings and Judgment-John A. Donahoo, Esq.,

and the " Polk and Dallas" Boys.

The bet upon the Presidential election proposed by the "Fiscal partner of the Globe" is at last definitively settled. Hon. Willis Green, of Ky., we understand is the man who has made the foreclosure. The bet stands subdivided as follows, \$100 that Mr. Clay will not get Maryland; \$200 that he will not get Maryland and Delaware; \$300 that he will not get Maryland, Delaware and North Carolina. Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Ver-mont and Kentucky excluded, Mr. Rives conced-

ing them as certain for Clay.

Mr. Palmer of Prince Georges, who made

Gordon. Masschwerts, Rhode Ishen, Vermont and Kaustyk schuled, Mr. River connecting them as certain for Glay.

Mr. Palmer of Prince Georges, who made for the control of th having inus rendered up to justice its duty on this occasion, and having reprimanded, admonished, and torewarned you for the future, in a spirit of brotherly kindness, and from a painful sense of the paramount requisitions of the law, dismiss you with the penalties in your case so mildly adjudged and attached. And may the lord have mercy upon your coul.

Seriously, the obligation of justice to violated obligations on the part of Gen. M'Connell, has been the chief incentive to our severe famila¹¹¹ with his private history. In his case it is peculiarly an anpleasant exposition, such as we have felt it our duty to make. We would rejoice in the onward success of the General with his best friends; but we cannot predict it, nor expect it, without the reformation submitted. That he may come to a "knowledge of the error of his ways;" that he may take measures to make his "peace, calling, and re-election sure," is our earnest hope; and the object in this public expose and judgment thereon. "Allah bis millah!" God is merciful.

There was a nevel procession in the Avenue last night; some three hundred boys with a fife and drum, and various "Polk and Dallas" transparencies, paraded the city, headed by that indomitable Locofoco, John A. Donahoo, Esq.—the Alderman Purdy, of Washington—though Donahoo, by the way, is no aldermen. He declares that we are gaining the boys over, and that the women will come next, just in time to Seriously, the obligation of justice to violated ob

" Sweep the Palace For Polk and Dallas." John Foy laughs at the idea of his proposed appointment to the City Post Office. There was something suggested officially in the matter—and that's all.

TO THE HONORABLE THE MAYOR OF THE CITY:-To the Honorable the Mayor of the City:—
Sir,—
Believing that it is not only the duty, but the desire of the present City Government to correct existing abuses, and to prevent, as far as possible, all violation of law and order, I beg leave to call your attention to a custom of many of our fire and hose companies, which not only infringes, as I am informed, a City Ordinance, and greatly incommodes foot passengers, but frequently places their very lives in danger. I mean the practice of runsing their engines and carts upon the side walks, which is constantly done at full speed, without the alightest regard to the safety of those in advance, who are obliged to scatter with precipitation, when est regard to the safety of those in advance, who are obliged to scatter with precipitation, when the loud bawlings of the boys who drag them give sudden warning of their near approach. Our streets are no longer safe for women and children while these things are permitted; and I have myself seen delicate females and tender infants flying in fear and trembling before such a mob of shouting rowdies, when the turn of an ancie, or the slightest stumble, would have exposed them to be trampled by the heels of their pursuers, and the wheels of their engines. This I have witnessed, both in the day time, and at night; and as it is a matter that concerns not one citizen, but thousands, I venture concerns not one citizen, but thousands, I venture to hope that after this appeal for protection, these outrages will occur no more. Very respectfully your fellow citizen, O. Y.

New York, July 13th, 1844.

CROPS IN CANADA.— We never remember to have seen the crops in such a state of forwardness at this season of the year as they are at present in this township, as well as in Waterloo, Guelph, Beverly, and the neighborhood. The hay harvest has already commenced. The clover, though short in the stalk, stands very thick on the ground, and we think will yield nearly if not quite an average crop. The wheat is in a state of unprecedent eld forwardness, and if any thing a little too luxurious, giving rise to a feeling of anxiety lest it should "go to ite," or be affected by rust, which the present fine and dry weather, however, gives us little reason to anticipate—The outs and peas appear thick, strong, and of a good healthy color, and in fact the crops in general, including potatoes, (which have quite recovered from the effects of the frosts in the carrier part of the season,) hold out the prospect of an abundant and early harvest, and must afford ample matter for congratulation on the part of the farmers.—Dumfries Courier, July 6.

SCENE OF THE



RECENT MURDER AT WEST HOBOKEN.

TO BE

Great Gas Microscope.

The public is not generally aware that the most splendid and powerful instrument of this class that art or science has ever produced, is now in our city. It may be recollected that some two or three years ago a microscopic apparatus constructed by Carey for the Polytechnic Institution of London, produced a great sensation in that city and by Carey for the Polytechnic Institution of London, produced a great sensation in that city, and has continued ever since a constant object of attraction. This instrument was reported to be capable of exhibiting a flea, thirty feet in length, preserving the necessary distinctness, in the minutest parts, and sufficient illumination. That apparatus was then the largest and most powerful that had ever been constructed. On ascertaining the success of this attempt, Dr. Lardner sent directions to Messrs. Carey to construct for his lectures and scientific exhibitions in this country an apparatus not inferior in any respect to the polytechnic instrument, but having advantages over it in some points in which it appeared susceptible of improvement. The present apparatus, which arrived here a few months since, was the result of this order. It is at present erected in the room of the Society Library in Broadway, where, to judge by external indications, a permanent place of scientific exhibition and popular lectures is contemplated, somewhat similar to the Polytechnic Institution, or Adelaide Gallery in London, to be carried on under the direction and superintendence of Dr. Lardner, who will, it is understood, give it the frequent additional advantage and attraction of his lectures. the direction and superintendence of Dr. Lardner, who will, it is understood, give it the frequent additional advantage and attraction of his lectures.

The present microscopic apparatus possesses capabilities and powers even greater than those ascribed to the London instrument. On Wednesday evening the flea was shown with it forty five feet in length? each leg measuring about twelve feet, the minute hairy or spicular emanations upon it being a foot long, and perfectly distinct. The bug was also exhibited, the head of the creature being several feet in diameter, and each eye measuring a foot! We shall prepare a description of the optical mechanism by which these astonishing effects are produced, and publish it in a day or two.

A handsome frame and entablature was erected on Saturday over the porch of the Library Society House, enclosing the following inscription:—

DR. LARDNER'S LYGEUM.

DR. LARDNER'S LYCEUM.
GREAT GAS MICROSCOPE.
Telescopic and Pictorial Exhibition. This indicates permanency. Dr. Lardner will exhibit the microscope, and give one of his popular lectures this evening.

ARNTUCKY MAMMOTH CAVE.—Twenty-six large avenues, and third river, larger than inose previously known, it is now stated, have recently been discovered in the summoth cave. A sulphur spring of an excellent quality of water has also been found some miles within the cave. Boats of suitable construction have been built expressly for the rivers, so that visiters desirous of taking a water excursion, a dozen or so miles under ground, can be accommodated. Large additions have been made to the Hotel, and, from all accounts, a visit to that great wonder of the world would be delighting in every respect; and particularly about these surful in every respect; and particularly about these surful in every respect; and particularly about these tul in every respect; and particularly about these sunshipy days. Only think of the luxury of a pic-nic, at about some half a day's journey beyond where old Sol would think of poking his fiery proboscis!

MILITARY.—The City Grey, Capt. N. A. Thompson, start on their Southern tour next Monday atternoon, by the way of Norwich. They will be received in N. York by the New York Fusiliers, Capt. Carneau, on Tuesday, and quarter at the Astor House. They will remain in New York one day, and proceed to Philadelphia, where they will be received by the Philadelphia Greys, Capt Fritz, and remain until the 19th, thence proceed to Baltimore where they remain the guests of the Maryland Cadets, Capt. Ropes, until the 234, and then take up their line of march for home, via Philadelphia, New York, and Providence. On their return they will be received and escorted by the Norlolk Guards, Capt. Guild, of Roxbury.—Beston Mail.

sy the 10th method of the act, it must appear the letters were conveyed in such values with its knowledge and make that section by the owners of the care one inquisition. The relative to the case in method is not to the case of the ca

person of having advised and assisted another to commit an offence not in fact committed by him, involves in my judgment, a degree of inconsistency wholly irreconcilable with that precision and certainty which the law demands in the administration of penal justice, and which are essential to the security of the citizen. Besides, if the principles applied by the court in the case of Fisher, had really been applied be to such a case, the defendant ought to have been prosecuted, not under the 19th section, for actually conveying the letters. By this means the inconsistency just mentioned at least, would have been avoided. It was further remarked by the learned Judge, as appears by the report, that while it was true that penal statutes were to be construed strictly, they were "not to be construed strictly, they were "not to be construed strictly, they were "not to be construed strictly, they were a strictly as to defeat the obvious intention of the legislature, when that intention can be collected from the words used in the act." This position, in its just sense is also incontrovertible; but in my opinion it does not warrant the decision in support of which it was adduced. The question was, whether a person who sends a packet of letters by a passenger in a railroad car over a post road, without the kaswledge, and against the consent of the owners of the car and their agents, is within the words of the net. I think there are no words in the act descriptive of such person. No doubt the design of the act was to secure to the United States, so far as could be done without improperly tenching upon the freedom of the citizen, the entire emoluments arising from the transportation of letters on post roads. But this design. In words to extend the act to descriptions of persons not embraced within its terms, however strougly and mischievously their acts may tend to defeat it design. It often happens that what the courts, in giving a construction to statutes, are bound by the settled rules of interpretation to consider the in

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

Washington, July 8, 1844.

Promotions and appointments in the army of the United States, made by the President; and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; since the list of January, 1844.

1. Passortones—Second Regiment of Artillery—Second Lieut. William A. Nichols, to be First Lieutenant. June 1, 1844, vice First, Lieutenant George H. There of Artillery—Second Lieut. William A. Nichols, to be First Lieutenant. June 1, 1844, vice First Lieutenant George H. There of Artillery—Bravet First Lieutenant George H. There of Second Lieutenant. April 39, 1844, vice Secthum, resigned; Second Lieutenant. April 39, 1844, vice First Lieutenant June 27, 1844, vice First Lieutenant. June 27, 1844, vice First Lieutenant. June 37, 1844, vice First Lieutenant. Charles L. Kilburn, to be Second Lieutenant, June 27, 1844, vice First Lieutenant George W. Walker, to be First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice First Lieutenant George W. Walker, to be First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice First Lieutenant George W. Walker, to be First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Birry, promoted; First Lieutenant, March I. 1844, vice Walker, to be Second Lieutenant, March I. 1844, vice Walker, promoted. Second Lieutenant, March I. 1844, vice Walker, promoted. Second Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Birry, promoted; First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Birry, bronoted; First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Birry, promoted; First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Birry, promoted; First Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Hoffman, declared by his promoted. Second Lieutenant, June 37, 1844, vice Hoffman, declared by Hoffman, declared by his promoted. Second Lieutenant, June 38, 1844, vice June 38, 1844, v

vania,

19. Cadet James M. Henry, of the District
of Columbia,

20. Cadet Alexander Hays, of Pennsylvania,

21. Cadet George [Wainwright, of] Massa-

21. Cadet George [Wainwright, of] Massachu setts,
22. Cadet Henry B Schroader, of Maryland,
23. Cadet John J. C. Bith, of Kentucky,
24. Cadet John J. C. Bith, of Kentucky,
25. Cadet George W. Hawkins, of North
Carolina,
The foregoing assignments to Regiments and Companies
will be regarded as a temporary arrangement, necessary
for the convenience of the service. Vaccnoices will be
filled according to seniority in the particular Arm, in conformity with the established rule.

IV.—CASUALITE - Resignations (6)—Capt. Otis Wheeler, 31 Infantry, February 20, 1844; First Lieut Sam'l.
Ketchum, 3d Artillery, April 30, 1844; First Lieut Sam'l.
E. Muse, 18; Infantry, March I. 1844; First Lieut Sam'l.

Ketchum, 3d Artillery, April 30, 1844; First Lieut Sam'l.

E. Muse, 1st Infantry, March 1, 1844; First Lieut. Ferdinand Coxe, 1st Infantry, Jonuary 31, 1844; First Lieut. Lucius Fitkin, 2d Artillery, Jonus 1, 1844; Brevet 2d Lieut. Smith Stansbury, Ordnance Department, May 31, 1844—Desths (4)—First Lieut. William Fruzer, 3d Art. at Lancaster, Pa., June 27, 1844; First Lieut B. C. Edes, 6th Inf. at Key, West, Fla., March 30, 1844; Second Lieut. A. T. Hoffman, 2d Inf. at St. Augustine, Fla., June 25, 1844; Surgeon Edward Macomb, at Fort. Monroe, Va., March 26, 1844. V.—The officers promoted and appointed will join their proper stations and companies without delay; shose on detached service, or acting under special instructions, will report by letter to the communding officers of cheir respective regiments. VI.—The usual leave of absence allowed by the flegulations is hereby granted to the several graduates; at the expirations of which (September 30th.) they will join their proper stations and companies. VII.—Acceptances or non-acceptances of appointments will be reported to the Adjutant General of the Anmy; and in case of acceptance, the birth-place of the person appointed will be stated.

VIII.—Consection.—Made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate — Captain Frederick Searle, of the Quartermaster's Department, to be Major by brevet, "for gullantry and good conduct on several eccasions in the war against the Florida Indians, to date from November 26, 1899."

The above is a substitute for the unnouncement made in "General Orders" No. 56 of 1842.

Arten Orders—Sement of "General Orders" No. Arten Orders No. 2001.

AFTER ORDER.—1. So much of "General Orders" No. 45, of 1841, having reference to the detail of subalterns for the four companies of Light Artillery, as requires the First Lieutenants to be annually relieved, is hereby rescinded; and they will, in future, he attached to those companies in the same manner as the first lieutenants of the other Artillery companies.

2.—The respective Colonels will accordingly select the First Lieutenants who are to be permanently assigned to the light companies, so that the arrangement may take effect after the 30th of September next.

3.—The brevet 2d lieutenant now attached to the light artillery companies will be transferred to other companies after the 1st of October, when they will be relieved by other brevet 2d lieutenants, so that the complement, including the graduates of this year, will be two for each light company.

R. JONES, Adjutant General.

R. JONES, Adjutant General. R. JONES, Adjutant General.

Memorandum.—The name of Announ E. Jones, a First
Licutenant in the 2d. Regiment of Artillery, having been
changed by the Legislature of the State of Maryland to
Announ Elexan, he will hereafter be known tand recog-THE FLOODS AND THE CROPS - The following is

THE PLOODS AND THE CROPS—The following is an extract of a letter from an experienced planter near Nachez to a commercial house in this city. It is dated July 2d:—"The destruction of cotton by the flood in Archansas, on Red River, and in Mississippi, will not be less than 300 000 bales—in a few days it may reach 400,000, or perhaps 450,000. This is the general belief."

SENTENCE OF THE TREASURY NOTE FORGERS.—
Judge McCaleb vesterday over-ruled a motion for an arrest of judgment in the case of Holliday and Watson, who have been convicted at forging and uttering U.S. Treasury notes, and then proceeded to pass sentence on all the parties, as follows: Breedlove and Watson, each to ten years imprisonment at hard labor in the Pententary, and Holliday, on the first conviction, also to ten years hard labor in the Pententary, and not the second conviction, to five days' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$420,000.—N.O. Tropic, July 6.

A Thurtistic Learness of The Ambered College.

A THRILLING INCIDENT .- The Amberst Cabinet A THRULING INCIDENT.—The Amherst Cabinet contains a letter describing the melaccholy event lately mentioned in this paper, of the blowing up of a powder magazine at Danby, Vt., causing the death of three boys—and adds: "Mr. Smith was the first for rush to the scene of ruin; he caught up the first boy he came to, whose features were so disfigured as not to be easily recognized, yet alive, and passessing his senses; as he was hearing him away from the acere of calamity he said to him, whose boy are you? The little sufferer looking him in the face, with tender emotion, said, "I am your boy, Pa!" And the poor laddist in a two hours after.

HARPS—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ACTION,
AT 385 BROADWAY.

J. F. BROWNE, hear to rail the attention of admiren of
this delightful maximum, to the large and eligant assurement of there has been as a 35 Broadway. The rich hallowey of tone, lightness of toneh and elivant fin in of there
are another excelled and very seitom rain left. They are
constructed on the best principles and have all the modern improvenents of London and Pera, and it a training prices.
Wetranted to bear the test of climate there is no clean of
hire Strings, Sc.

385 Broadway, and 71% Chamber street, N. Y.
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